2016 Click It or Ticket Fact Sheet



- Officers from police departments, sheriff's offices and Michigan State Police will focus on seat belt enforcement during the Click It or Ticket campaign May 23-June 5.
- The mobilization is about saving lives, not just writing tickets. Buckling up can reduce the risk of serious injury or death by 45 percent.
- Eight people died in traffic crashes during the 2015 Memorial Day holiday period. This is a significant decrease from the 20 fatalities during the 2014 Memorial Day holiday period. (Michigan State Police, Criminal Justice Information Center, MSP-CJIC)
- In 2015, 188 people who died in traffic crashes in Michigan were not wearing their seat belts. Of those, 138 were male and 50 were female. (MSP-CJIC)
- Michigan's 2015 seat belt use rate is 93 percent. The national seat belt use rate in 2015 was 88.5 percent. (Wayne State Transportation Research Group and National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, NHTSA)
- Traffic enforcement is serious crime fighting. Past mobilization efforts have resulted in drunk driving arrests, stolen vehicle recoveries and numerous felony and misdemeanor warrant arrests.
- For some drivers, the threat of a ticket has proven to be a greater incentive to buckle up than the risk of death or life-altering injury.
- Michigan has a primary enforcement law which allows officers to stop motorists who are not buckled up. The fine and associated costs for unbuckled adults is \$65.
- Michigan law requires drivers, front seat passengers and passengers 15 and younger in any seating
 position to be buckled up. Children must be in a car seat or booster seat until they are 8 years old or
 4'9" tall, and children under 4 years old must be in the back seat.
- In 2013, there were 9,580 unbuckled passenger vehicle occupants killed in crashes in the United States. (NHTSA)
 - Nationally, there were 638 children 12 and younger killed in motor vehicle crashes. Of those fatalities, more than a third (38%) were unrestrained. (NHTSA)
 - Among young adults 18 to 34 years old killed in crashes, 61 percent were completely unrestrained—the highest percentage of all age groups. (NHTSA)